



## Tab 5 –Fact Sheet

**OBJECTIVE:**

Build resilient communities and livelihoods and secure wildlife and biodiversity resources within the Boma-Badingilo Landscape

**DURATION:**

October 1, 2018 – September 30, 2021

**TOTAL VALUE OF ACTIVITY:**

\$7,500,000

**LOCATION:**

Boma and Badingilo National Parks and wildlife migratory routes

**BENEFICIARIES:**

Approximately 200,000 people in and around Boma and Badingilo National Parks and connecting migratory corridors

**IMPLEMENTING PARTNER:**

Albert Schenk, Chief of Party  
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## Conservation of Boma–Badingilo Landscape

**BACKGROUND:**

The Boma-Badingilo landscape is home to a unique, diverse, rich set of natural resources that are at risk from persistent threats to the survival of wildlife and their habitats. The landscape is also home to approximately 200,000 people, whose livelihoods are linked to pastoralism and agro-pastoralism, and dependent on the same habitats and natural resources. Communities and livelihoods in the Boma-Badingilo Landscape are highly vulnerable to conflict, economic instability and climate-related shocks.

While conflict and poverty are key drivers of the poor management of wildlife and depletion of natural resources in the Boma-Badingilo Landscape, the natural resources and biodiversity in this landscape will be eroded or depleted if left unprotected and unsustainably managed, leading to further deterioration of the coping capacity of the local communities.



Photo: Paul Elkan/Wildlife Conservation Society

**PROJECT DESCRIPTION:**

Build resilient communities, through conserving wildlife and biodiversity and mitigating conflicts resulting from use of natural resources. The project contributes to USAID's goal of increasing resilience of individuals, households, and communities in South Sudan to absorb, adapt to, and recover from shocks.

**ACTIVITIES:**

- Build capacity of local stakeholders and institutions to sustainably manage land and natural resources.
- Improve conservation of wildlife/natural resources, mitigate conflicts and enhance security in the protected areas and wildlife migratory corridors.
- Improve resilience and livelihood opportunities for the local communities.
- Establish local and regional partnerships for natural resources management.